

Viburnum cotinifolium D. Don

Identifiants : 40460/vibcot

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

Dernière modification le 03/05/2024

- Classification phylogénétique :

- Clade : Angiospermes ;
- Clade : Dicotylédones vraies ;
- Clade : Astéridées ;
- Clade : Campanulidées ;
- Ordre : Dipsacales ;
- Famille : Viburnaceae ;

- Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :

- Règne : Plantae ;
- Division : Magnoliophyta ;
- Classe : Magnoliopsida ;
- Ordre : Dipsacales ;
- Famille : Viburnaceae ;
- Genre : Viburnum ;

- Synonymes : Viburnum polycarpum (Wall. ex DC.) ;

- Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : , Bankunch, Banr guch, Bathor, Bhutool, Gabian, Ghatmila, Ghenu, Ghinwa, Guch, Guya, Gwia, Jiawa, Ka-kaboot, Katonde, Khimor, Khom pang, Kilmich, Marghwalawa, Nakar, Papat kalam, Rajab, Richh uklu, Richhabi, Sussu, Taliana, Thorayi, Tilhanj, Tit mulya, Tumma, Tustus ;



- Note comestibilité : ***

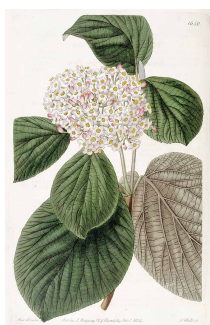
- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :

Parties comestibles : fruit^{{{0(+x)}}} (traduction automatique) | Original : Fruit^{{{0(+x)}}} Les fruits mûrs sont consommés crus. Ils sont doux



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):



Par Lindley, J., Edwards's Botanical Register (1829-1847) Edwards's Bot. Reg. vol. 19 (1833) [tt. 1565-1652] t. 1650, via plantillustrations

• Liens, sources et/ou références :

° 5 "Plants For a Future" (en anglais) : https://pfaf.org/user/Plant.aspx?LatinName=Viburnum_cotinifolium ;

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ° "Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de ° "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Ahmad, K. & Pieroni, A., 2016, Folk knowledge of wild food plants among the tribal communities of Thakht-e-Sulaiman Hills, North-West Pakistan. *Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine*, 12:17 ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India*. CSIR India. p 673 ; Bhattarai, S and Chaudary, R. P., 2009, *Wild Edible Plants Used by the People of Manang District, Central Nepal*. *Ecology of Food and Nutrition*, 48:1-20 ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica*. Cornstalk publishing, p 1015 ; Davis, S.D., Heywood, V.H., & Hamilton, A.C. (eds), 1994, *Centres of plant Diversity*. WWF. Vol 1 or 2. p 99 ; Dobriyal, M. J. R. & Dobriyal, R., 2014, *Non Wood Forest Produce an Option for Ethnic Food and Nutritional Security in India*. *Int. J. of Usuf. Mngt.* 15(1):17-37 ; *Flora of Pakistan*. www.eFlora.org ; GUPTA, ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 673 ; Khan, W., et al, 2013, *Ethnomedicinal plants of Kakul Hills, District Abbottabad, KPK, Pakistan*. ; Lord, E.E., & Willis, J.H., 1999, *Shrubs and Trees for Australian gardens*. Lothian. p 268 ; Mehta, P. S. et al, 2010, *Native plant genetic resources and traditional foods of Uttarakhand Himalaya for sustainable food security and livelihood*. *Indian Journal or Natural products and Resources*. Vol 1(1), March 2010 pp 89-96 ; Negi, P. S. & Subramani, S. P., 2015, *Wild Edible Plant Genetic Resources for Sustainable Food Security and Livelihood of Kinnaur District, Himachal Pradesh, India*, *International Journal of Conservation Science*. 6 (4): 657-668 ; *Plants for a Future database, The Field, Penpol, Lostwithiel, Cornwall, PL22 0NG, UK*. <http://www.scs.leeds.ac.uk/pfaf/> ; Polunin, O., & Stainton, A., 2006, *Flowers of the Himalaya*, Oxford India Paperbacks. p 171 ; *Prodr. fl. nepal*. 1411825 ; Radha, B., et al, 2013, *Wild Edible Plant Resources of the Lohba Range of Kedarnath Forest Division (KFD), Garhwal Himalaya, India*. *Int. Res J. Biological Sci*. Vol. 2 (11), 65-73 ; Rana, J.C. et al, 2011, *Genetic resources of wild edible plants and their uses among tribal communities of cold arid regions of India*. *Genetic Resources and Crop Evolution*. 59:135-149 ; Rana, P. K., et al, 2014, *Uses of Local Plant Biodiversity among the Tribal Communities of Pangri Valley of District Chamba in Cold Desert Himalaya, India*. *The Scientific World Journal*. Volume 2014, Article ID 753289, 15 pages ; Rawat, G.S., & Pangtey, Y.P.S., 1987, *A Contribution to the Ethnobotany of Alpine Regions of Kumaon*. *J. Econ. Tax. Bot.* Vol. 11 No. 1 pp 139-147 ; Singh, H.B., Arora R.K., 1978, *Wild edible Plants of India*. Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi. p 73 ; Upreti, K., et al, 2010, *Diversity and Distribution of Wild Edible Fruit Plants of Uttarakhand*. *Bioversity Potentials of the Himalaya*. p 192