

Termitomyces microcarpus (Berk. and Broome) Heim

Identifiants : 38830/termmicr

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

Dernière modification le 14/05/2024

• Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :

- Règne : Fungi ;
- Division : Basidiomycota ;
- Classe : Agaricomycetes ;
- Ordre : Agaricales ;
- Famille : Lyophyllaceae ;
- Genre : Termitomyces ;

- Synonymes : *Agaricus microcarpus* Berk. & Br, *Entoloma microcarpum* (Berk. & Br.) Sacc, *Collybia microcarpa* (Berk. & Br.) Hoehn, *Gymnocarpus microcarpus* (Berk. & Br.) Overeem, *Mycena microcarpa* (Berk. & Br.) Pat, *Podabrella microcarpa* (Berk. & Br.) Singer ;

- Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : *Termite mushroom*, , *Kulat tali*, *Mohi*, *N'kpame kekpeka*, *Obuoch-omegre*, *Oron*, *Puo' me fufu*, *Ubumegeri*, *Unyakigulu*, *Xiaoyichaosan* ;

- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :

Parties comestibles : champignon^{{{(0+X)}}} (traduction automatique) | Original : Fungus, Mushroom^{{{(0+X)}}}

Partie testée : champignon^{{{(0+X)}}} (traduction automatique)

Original : Mushroom^{{{(0+X)}}}

Taux d'humidité	Énergie (kj)	Énergie (kcal)	Protéines (g)	Pro-vitamines A (µg)	Vitamines C (mg)	Fer (mg)	Zinc (mg)
9.6	0	261	33.4	0	0	0	0



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ⁰"Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de ⁰"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Abdullah, F. & Rusea, G., 2009, Documentation of inherited knowledge on wild edible fungi from Malaysia. *Blumea* 54, 35-38 ; Acipa, A. et al, 2013, Nutritional Profile of some Selected Food Plants of Otwal and Ngai Counties, Oyam District, Northern Uganda. *African Journal of Food, Agriculture, Nutrition and Development*. 13(2) ; Aletor, V. A., 1995, Compositional studies on edible tropical species of mushrooms. *Food Chemistry* 54 (1995) 265-268 ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, The Useful Plants of India. CSIR India. p 137 (As *Collybia microcarpa*) ; Burkill, I.H., 1966, A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 1 (A-H) p 647 (As *Collybia microcarpa*) ; Anon., 2000, The Role of Non Wood Forest products in Food Security and Income Generation. Report. Tanzania. p 19 ; Bels and Pataragetvit, 1982 ; Bloesch, U., 2008, Mushroom study, The potential of wild edible mushrooms. GTZ project. p 16 ; Boa, E. R., 2004, Wild

edible fungi and their importance to people. *FAO Non Wood Forest Products Booklet 17*; Burkill, I.H., 1966, *A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula*. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 1 (A-H) p 647 (*As Collybia microcarpa*); Buyck, B., & Nzigidahera, B., 1995, *Ethnomycological Notes from Western Burundi*. *Belg. Journ. Bot.* 128(2): 131-138; Degreef, J., et al, 2016, *Wild edible mushrooms, a valuable resource for food security and rural development in Burundi and Rwanda*. *Biotechnol. Agron. Soc. Environ.* 2016 20(4), 441-452; ehta-online.org, *Edible Fungi of Tropical Africa*, Jardin botanique Meise; Grivetti, L. E., 1980, *Agricultural development: present and potential role of edible wild plants. Part 2: Sub-Saharan Africa*, Report to the Department of State Agency for International Development. p 34; Gryzenhout, M., 2010, *Mushrooms of South Africa. Pocket Guide*. Struik. p 57; Hall, I. R., et al, 2003, *Edible and Poisonous Mushrooms of the World*. Timber Press. p 315; Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, *The Cambridge World History of Food*. CUP p 318, 321; Kokwaro, J. O. and Johns. T., *Luo Biological Dictionary*. p 79; Johns, T., and Kokwaro, J.O., 1991, *Food Plants of the Luo of Siayo District, Kenya*. *Economic Botany* 45(1), pp 103-113; Latham, P & Mbuta, A., 2017, *Useful Plants of Central Province, Democratic Republic of Congo*. Volume 2. *Salvation Army* p 254; Msola, D. K., 2007, *The role of Wild Foods in Household Income and Food Security in Mufundi District, Tanzania*. Morogoro, Tanzania. p 48; Nakalembe, I., et al, 2015, *Comparative nutrient composition of selected wild edible mushrooms from two agro-ecological zones, Uganda*. *SpringerPlus* (2015)4:433; Njouonkou, A.L., et al, 2016, *Diversity of Edible and Medicinal Mushrooms used in the Noun Division of the West Region of Cameroon*. *International Journal of Medicinal Mushrooms*, 18(5): 387-396; Purkayastha, 1978; Pegler, D. N. & Pearce, G. D., 1980, *The Edible Mushrooms of Zambia*. *Kew Bulletin*. 35(3): 475-491; See, L. S., et al, 2008, *Utilization of Macrofungi by some Indigenous Communities for Food and Medicine in Peninsular Malaysia*. *Sustainable Forest Management and Poverty Alleviation: Roles of Traditional Forest-related Knowledge IUFRO World Series Volume 21*; Sun, L. et al, 2017, *Comparison of Free Total Amino Acid Compositions and Their Functional Classifications in 13 Wild Edible Mushrooms*. *Molecules* 2017, 22, 350; Thatoi, H. & Singdevsachan, S. K., 2014, *Diversity, nutritional composition and medicinal potential of Indian mushrooms: A review*. *African Journal of Biotechnology* 13(4): 523-545; Tibuhwa, 2013, *Wild Mushroom - an underutilized healthy food resource and income generator: experience from Tanzania rural areas*. *Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine* 9:49