

Searsia longipes Engl.

Identifiants : 29599/sealon

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

Dernière modification le 18/05/2024

- **Classification phylogénétique :**

- *Clade : Angiospermes ;*
- *Clade : Dicotylédones vraies ;*
- *Clade : Rosidées ;*
- *Clade : Malvidées ;*
- *Ordre : Sapindales ;*
- *Famille : Anacardiaceae ;*

- **Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :**

- *Règne : Plantae ;*
- *Division : Magnoliophyta ;*
- *Classe : Magnoliopsida ;*
- *Ordre : Sapindales ;*
- *Famille : Anacardiaceae ;*
- *Genre : Searsia ;*

- **Synonymes : *Rhus inamoena* Bullock ;**

Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : Large-leaved rhus, , Aambalaki, Aambalangw, Datlii, Emusigiloi, Inhlokotshiyane, Mchengele, Mkeniken, Mtunumbi mgosi, Mudzambuya, Mufokosiana, Mukundi, Mutungahove, Sirong, Taa, Uaga guitel, Ungafree ;



- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :**

Parties comestibles : fruit^{{}{{0(+x)}} (traduction automatique)} | Original : Fruit^{{}{{0(+x)}}}



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ⁰"Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Balemie, K., & Kebebew, F., 2006, Ethnobotanical study of wild edible plants in Derashe and Kucha Districts, South Ethiopia. *Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine*. 2:53 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Burkhill, H. M., 1985, The useful plants of west tropical Africa, Vol. 1. Kew. (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Drummond, R. B., 1981, Common Trees of the Central Watershed Woodlands of Zimbabwe, National Herbarium Salisbury. p 120 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Fowler, D. G., 2007, Zambian Plants: Their Vernacular Names and Uses. Kew. p 7 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Herb., E. A., 1981, (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Lulekal, E., et al, 2011, Wild edible plants in Ethiopia: a review on their potential to combat food insecurity. *Afrika Focus - Vol. 24, No 2.* pp 71-121 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Makonda, F. B. S., & Ruffo, C. K., 2011, Species List. NAFORMA, Tanzania (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Maundu, P. et al, 1999, Traditional Food Plants of Kenya. National Museum of Kenya. 288p (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Maroyi, A., 2011, The Gathering and Consumption of Wild Edible Plants in Nhema Communal Area, Midlands Province, Zimbabwe. *Ecology of Food and Nutrition* 50:6, 506-525 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Maroyi, A. & Cheikhyoussef, A., 2017, Traditional knowledge of wild edible fruit in southern Africa: A comparative use patterns in Namibia and Zimbabwe. *Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge*. 16(3): 385-392 ; Moffett, R. O., 2007, Name changes in the Old World *Rhus* and recognition of *Searsia* (Anacardiaceae). *Bothalia* 37,2: 165-175 (2007) ; Palgrave, K.C., 1996, Trees of Southern Africa. Struik Publishers. p 482 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Peters, C. R., O'Brien, E. M., and Drummond, R.B., 1992, Edible Wild plants of Sub-saharan Africa. Kew. p 51 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Ruffo, C. K., Birnie, A. & Tengnas, B., 2002, Edible Wild Plants of Tanzania. RELMA p 563 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Tredgold, M.H., 1986, Food Plants of Zimbabwe. Mambo Press. p 118 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; White, F., Dowsett-Lemaire, F. and Chapman, J. D., 2001, Evergreen Forest Flora of Malawi. Kew. p 123 (As *Rhus longipes*) ; Wild, 1975, (As *Rhus longipes*) ; www.zimbabweflora.co.zw 2011 (As *Rhus longipes*)