

Drynaria quercifolia (L.) J. Smith

Identifiants : 12106/dryque

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

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- **Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :**

- *Règne : Plantae ;*
- *Division : Pteridophyta ;*
- *Classe : Filicopsida ;*
- *Ordre : Polypodiales ;*
- *Famille : Polypodiaceae ;*
- *Genre : Drynaria ;*

- **Synonymes : Polypodium quercifolia L ;**

- **Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : Rock fern, Oak fern, Oak leaf fern, , Ashvakatri, Basingh, Garur, Kadikapana, Kupana thinga kop, Mudavaatukkal, Pakis kepala tupai, Pannakilhan-numanavala ;**



- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :**

Parties comestibles : rhizome, racine, jeunes frondes, feuilles {{(0+x)} (traduction automatique)} | Original : Rhizome, Root, Young fronds, Leaves {{(0+x)}} Le rhizome est mangé. Le rhizome charnu est récolté pendant la saison sèche, nettoyé et pilé et mélangé avec de la farine de riz pour cuire des gâteaux



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ⁰"Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de ⁰"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Andrews, S.B., 1990, Ferns of Queensland. A handbook to the ferns and fern allies. Queensland DPI p 274 ; Borrell, O.W., 1989, An Annotated Checklist of the Flora of Kairiru Island, New Guinea. Marcellin College, Victoria Australia. p 6 ; Brock, J., 1993, Native Plants of Northern Australia, Reed. p 143 ; Chaffey, C.H., 1999, Australian Ferns. Growing them successfully. Kangaroo Press. p 151 ; Cherikoff V. & Isaacs, J., The Bush Food Handbook. How to gather, grow, process and cook Australian Wild Foods. Ti Tree Press, Australia p 199 ; Chin, W.Y., 1998, Ferns in the Tropics. Kangaroo. p 123 ; Cowie, I, 2006, A Survey of Flora and vegetation of the proposed Jaco-

Tutuala-Lore National Park. Timor-Lests (East Timor) www.territorystories.nt/gov.au p 52 ; Elliot, W.R., & Jones, D.L., 1984, Encyclopedia of Australian Plants suitable for cultivation. Vol 3. Lothian. p 370 ; J. Bot. (Hooker) 3:398. 1841 ; Lazarides, M. & Hince, B., 1993, Handbook of Economic Plants of Australia, CSIRO. p 85 ; Levitt, D., 1981, Plants and people. Aboriginal uses of plants on Groote Eylandt, Australian Institute of Aboriginal Studies, Canberra. ; Macmillan, H.F. (Revised Barlow, H.S., et al), 1991, Tropical Planting and Gardening. Sixth edition. Malayan Nature Society. Kuala Lumpur. p 356 ; Medhi, P., Sarma, A and Borthakur, S. K., 2014, Wild edible plants from the Dima Hasao district of Assam, India. Pleione 8(1): 133-148 ; Paczkowska, G. & Chapman, A.R., 2000, The Western Australian Flora. A Descriptive Catalogue. Western Australian Herbarium. p 25 ; Pham-Hoang Ho, 1999, An Illustrated Flora of Vietnam. Nha Xuat Ban Tre. p 83 ; Samydurai, P., et al, 2012, Wild habits of Kollis Hills being staple food of inhabitant tribes of eastern Ghats, Tamil Nadu, India. Indian Journal of Natural Products and Resources. 3(3) September 2012 pp 432-437 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, A tropical Garden Flora. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii. p 46 ; Sukarya, D. G., (Ed.) 2013, 3,500 Plant Species of the Botanic Gardens of Indonesia. LIPI p 868 ; Townsend, K., 1994, Across the Top. Gardening with Australian Plants in the tropics. Society for Growing Australian Plants, Townsville Branch Inc. p 170